

3505.aa.27
A
SCRIPTURE
CATECHISM,

CONSISTING OF

A Series of QUESTIONS, with Re-
ferences to the Scriptures instead of
ANSWERS.

By JOSEPH ^KPRIESTLEY,
LL.D. F.R.S.

The SECOND EDITION.

From a Child thou hast known the Holy Scriptures.

PAUL.

L O N D O N :

Printed for J. JOHNSON, No. 7z, St. Paul's
Church-Yard.

M.DCC.LXXXI.

[Price FOUR PENCE.]



T H E
P R E F A C E.

ST. Paul mentions it as a great advantage to Timothy, and a subject of great commendation to his parents, that *from a child he had known the holy scriptures; which, he says, were able to make him wise unto salvation.* 2 Tim. iii. 15. By the scriptures the apostle must have meant the books of the *Old Testament*; but the collection is now rendered much more valuable by the addition of those of the *New*. Since these inestimable writings are *profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, and for instruction in righteousness*, and are calculated to make men *perfect, thoroughly furnished unto all good works.* ver. 16, 17, it must be a matter of the greatest importance that young persons be instructed in the knowledge of them; and this course of instruction, in order to be effectual, cannot be begun too early.

The sooner the mind is impressed with just maxims of conduct, with a sense of

the divine authority, the hope of his favour, and the fear of his displeasure; the sooner a person is made sensible of the charms of good example, and filled with abhorrence by a view of what is odious and contemptible in human characters (and for all these purposes the books of scripture are most excellent) the more probable it is that the effect will be lasting and happy. This course of instruction, I know by experience, may be begun, and carried on with success, as soon as a child is capable of any kind of oral instruction whatever; and none but those who have made the trial can imagine, with how much pleasure children will listen to the most instructive scripture histories, and how soon they will enter into the meaning and spirit of them.

But the following catechism is not designed for the use of young children. These must be taught without a book, by the parent telling them the stories in the most familiar manner, selecting the most important and engaging circumstances, and making them tell the particulars in their own way after him. But as soon as persons are capable of reading the bible with understanding, I think it may be sufficient

The P R E F A C E.

cient to propose to them such questions as I have here drawn up, and to refer them to the scriptures themselves for the answers. I do not, indeed, think that it can be reasonably expected that a person should be able to prepare tolerably judicious answers to *some* of the questions in this catechism, under sixteen or eighteen years of age; but there are others which will not be too difficult for those who are but nine or ten years old; so that with a little judgment in the use of it, this collection of questions may be useful in the instruction of young persons of any age. Upon the whole, however, I would advise, that this catechism be taught to a class of persons not quite so young as those for whose use my other catechism, and especially the first part of it, was particularly calculated.

The questions in this catechism are chiefly *historical*, because this part of the bible may be most conveniently taught in this manner; and that young persons may have a clearer idea of the order of events, I have collected the history of the kings of Judea and Israel from the *Prophets*, as well as from the books of *Kings* and *Chronicles*; reserving only a few miscellaneous prophecies

phies for a separate section. I have also reduced the four evangelists into a harmony, and have referred to all the different accounts of the same story. Those who have made a greater proficiency in the knowledge of the scriptures may be required to compare them, and note the variations.

On the books of Proverbs, Psalms, Ecclesiastes, and other books, and parts of books, which are not historical, I have made but few questions. These books can only be recommended in general to the attention and study of young persons; or particular parts of them may be committed to memory. Other books of scripture, especially the prophetical, and some of the apostolical epistles, can hardly be well understood, except by persons of riper years. For this reason I have been very sparing of the questions which refer to them.

In many cases, I am aware, that it will be necessary to divide these questions into various others, and also to diversify the form of expression, in order to lead those who are less experienced to the proper answers; but a very small degree of judgment

The P R E F A C E. vii

ment and address will be sufficient for this purpose.

It will be a considerable advantage attending this method of instruction, that by it young persons will be introduced to an acquaintance with *the scriptures themselves*, which will give them the truest idea of their contents and value. No answers framed to their hands could possibly effect this great and good purpose. If the answers to catechisms be given in the very words of scripture, yet the connection in which such sentences are introduced, and consequently much of the peculiar propriety and force of them, is necessarily lost. Besides, catechisms, upon this plan, cannot well comprise more than the *moral maxims* of scripture, so that the *historical*, which is, in fact, the most useful part to young persons, must be omitted.

I hope also that those parents who have the true wisdom to see it to be a duty incumbent upon themselves to superintend the religious instruction of their children, and who will not refuse to take some pains for so valuable a purpose, will not be displeased with the opportunity which this scheme of a catechism will afford them, of renewing and perfecting their own ac-

quaintance with the history of the bible. Indeed it cannot be supposed that the most knowing in the scriptures should be able to make use of such a catechism as this, in the instruction of his children, without some previous preparation; so that no person need to be ashamed, if it appear that he himself has something to learn in this business, as well as his child. But I hope that few of those who will make any inquiry after this catechism, will object to it, because it is calculated to give themselves as well as their children, a more perfect knowledge of important facts and truths.

A SCRIp-

What occasioned the deluge of man-
kind over the face of the earth? xi. 1.

five; and on what account did he leave
it to dwell in the land of Canaan? xi. 31.

A

SCRIPTURE

CATECHISM.

G E N E S I S.

IN how many days did God create the
heavens and the earth? i.

What was the work of each of the six
days? i.

What was the reason of the institution
of the sabbath? ii. 2, 3. Ex. xx. 11.

On what account were Adam and Eve
cast out of the garden of Eden? iii.

Recite the history of Cain and Abel, iv.

What was the cause of the general de-
luge, and who survived it? vi, vii, viii.

What token did God give that the earth
should be no more destroyed by a flood?
ix. 12.

What sin was Noah guilty of? ix. 21.

What occasioned the dispersion of mankind over the face of the earth? xi. 1—9.

Of what country was Abraham a native; and on what account did he leave it to dwell in the land of Canaan? xi. 31. xii. 1—10.

What promise did God make to Abraham when he first called him, and which he repeated afterwards? xii. 2, 3. xviii. 18. xxii. 17, 18.

What service did Abraham render to Lot? xiv.

Recite the history of the birth of Ishmael. xvi.

On what account, and in what manner were Sodom and Gomorrha destroyed? xviii. xix.

What was there extraordinary in the birth of Isaac? xvii. 16—22. xxi. 1—8.

What became of Ishmael after the birth of Isaac? xxi. 9—21.

How did God try the obedience of Abraham, with respect to his son Isaac? xxii. 1—19.

How did Abraham procure a wife for his son Isaac? xxiv.

What children had Isaac, and what were their different characters? xxv. 19—28.

In what manner did Jacob deprive Esau of
of

of his birthright ? xxv. 29—34. xxvii. 1—40.

Whither did Jacob flee from the anger of his brother Esau ? xxvii. 43. xxviii. 5.

What wives and children had Jacob ? xxix. 15—35. xxx. 1—25.

On what account did Jacob leave Laban ? xxxi.

How was Jacob received by his brother Esau ? xxxii. xxxiii.

Of what crime were Simeon and Levi guilty, with respect to the Sechemites ? xxxiv.

How came Joseph to go into Egypt ? xxxviii.

On what account was he cast into prison ? xxxix.

On what occasion was he introduced to Pharaoh ? xl. xli. 1—49.

What brought Jacob and his other sons into Egypt ? xlii.—xlvi.

E X O D U S.

HOW were the children of Israel treated in Egypt, after the death of Joseph ? i.

Relate the history of the birth of Moses, and of his flight from Egypt. ii.

How came Moses to undertake to deliver the Israelites from their bondage in Egypt? iii.

What miracle did Moses work, in order to prove that God sent him, and what effect had it on Pharaoh? vii. 1—13.

What were the plagues with which God afflicted Egypt, and especially that which induced Pharaoh to permit the Israelites to go out of his country? vii. 14, viii.—xii.

What was the original and meaning of the passover? xii. 1—31.

What great calamity befel the Egyptians, at the time that the Israelites left their country? xiv.

What miracle was performed at Marah? xv. 23, to the end.

What was the chief food of the Israelites in their travelling through the wilderness? xvi.

How were they supplied with water at Mount Horeb? xvii. 1—7.

By what means did the Israelites prevail over the Amalekites? xvii. 8, to the end.

What advice did Jethro give to Moses? xviii.

What

What extraordinary appearances were there are at Mount Sinai ? xix.

Repeat the ten commandments which God spake from thence, xx. 1—17.

Of what crime were the Israelites guilty in the absence of Moses, and what were the consequences of it ? xxxii.

L E V I T I C U S.

WHAT was the crime and punishment of Nadab and Abihu ? x. 1—12.

What was done to the person who cursed and blasphemed God ? xxiv. 10, to the end.

N U M B E R S.

HOW were the children of Israel directed in their march through the wilderness ? ix. 15, to the end.

What was the consequence of the Israelites loathing manna, and longing for flesh meat ? xi.

What was the offence of Aaron and Miriam, and the consequence of it ? xii.

What happened upon sending the spies to discover the land of Canaan ? xiii. xiv.

What

What was the offence and the punishment of Corah, Dathan and Abiram? xvi. xvii.

Recite the history of the fiery serpents. xxi. 4—9.

Who were the first kings that the Israelites conquered? xxi. 21, to the end.

Recite the history of Balak and Balaam. xxii—xxiv.

Into what wickedness did the Moabites tempt the children of Israel, and what was the issue of it? xxv.

What was the fate of the Midianites? xxxi. 1—20.

DEUTERONOMY.

IN what manner were the children of Israel to treat the idolatrous inhabitants of Canaan? vii. 1—3.

For what reason were they ordered to exterminate them? vii. 4—11.

In what were the Israelites to be particularly careful to instruct their children? xi. 18—21.

In what manner were the Israelites to treat other nations, with whom they might be at war, besides the inhabitants of Canaan? xx. 10—15.

Who

Who succeeded Moses in the conduct of the Israelites? xxxi. 3.

JOSHUA.

RECITE the history of the spies, whom Joshua sent to examine the condition of Jericho. ii.

In what manner did the Israelites cross the river Jordan? iii. iv.

In what manner did they get possession of Jericho? vi.

How did they take Ai, and what followed upon it? vii. viii.

How did the Gibeonites deceive the Israelites? ix.

In what manner were the five kings that warred against Gibeon defeated? x. 1—28.

How many kings did Joshua take after the Israelites had crossed the river Jordan? xii.

Did the Israelites under Joshua conquer all the land of Canaan? xiii. 1—13. xv. 63. xvi. 10.

In what part of the land of Canaan was the tabernacle set up? xviii. 1.

In what place, and at what time was Joseph buried? xxiv. 32.

JUDGES.

J U D G E S.

HOW was Adonibezec requited? i. 5—7.

What was the consequence of the Israelites having a communication with the idolatrous nations that were not conquered? iii. 5—7.

In what manner did God punish their idolatry? iii. 8.

Who delivered them from the king of Mesopotamia? iii. 9—11.

What were the circumstances which attended their deliverance from the power of Eglon king of Moab, when they had relapsed into idolatry? iii. 12—30.

Recite the history of Deborah and Barak. iv.

Recite the history of Gideon and the Midianites vi. vii. viii.

What was the history and fate of Abimelech? ix.

What rash vow did Jephthah make, and into what difficulties did he bring himself in consequence of it? xi. 29, to the end.

Relate the history of the birth of Sampson. xiii.

What was Sampson's riddle, and what were the occasion and issue of it? xiv.

In

In what manner did Sampson revenge himself on the Philistines, for taking his wife from him? xv.

What exploits did Sampson perform at Gaza? xvi. 1—3.

Who betrayed Sampson into the hands of the Philistines, and what were the circumstances that attended his death? xvi.

Relate the story of the great destruction of the Benjamites. xix—xxi.

RUTH.

WHO was Ruth, and how did she come to reside at Bethlehem? i.

To whom was Ruth married, and what remarkable person descended from her? iv.

I SAMUEL.

RELATE the history of the birth of Samuel. i.

What judgment was inflicted upon the house of Eli, and what was the reason of it? ii. iii.

What calamitous events preceded the death of Eli? iv. How

18 A SCRIPTURE

How did the Philistines dispose of the ark, and what induced them to send it back again? v. vi.

For what reason did the Israelites desire to be governed by a king? viii.

In what manner was Saul chosen king? ix. x.

What offence was Saul guilty of when he went to fight against the Philistines? xiii.

What great exploit did Jonathan perform in this war, and what danger was he brought into by the imprudence of his Father? xiv.

What offence was Saul guilty of with respect to the Amalekites? xv.

In what manner was David chosen king? xvi.

Recite the history of David and Goliath. xvii.

What was the cause of the hatred that Saul bore to David, and what were the effects of it? xviii.

What friendship did Jonathan and Michal shew to David? xix. xx.

Whither did David flee from Saul? xxi. 10, to the end.

What did Saul do to the priests when he suspected them to be in the interest of David? xxii. How

How did David spare Saul in the cave of Engedi ? xxiv.

Recite the history of David and Abigail. xxv.

How did David spare Saul a second time at Hachilah ? xxvi.

Recite the history of the death of Saul and Jonathan. xxviii. xxxi.

2 S A M U E L.

HOW did David receive the news of the death of Saul and Jonathan ? i.

Who succeeded Saul in opposition to David ? ii. 8.

What was the fate of Abner, the general of Saul and Ishbosheth ? iii.

What became of Ishbosheth ? iv.

What place did David conquer, and fix upon for his residence ? v. 6—11.

1 Chron. xi. 4—10.

What nations did David conquer ? viii.

1 Chron. xviii.

How did David behave towards Me- phibosheth ? ix.

What crime was David guilty of on account of Bathsheba ? xi.

In what manner did Nathan reprove David for his sin ? xii.

What

What was the crime and the fate of Ammon? xiii.

Recite the history of Absalom. xv—xvii.

What was the consequence of David's numbering Israel? xxiv. 1 Chro. xxi.

I K I N G S.

Who succeeded David in the kingdom of Israel? i.

What choice did Solomon make? iii. 1—16. 2 Chro. i. 7—13.

How did Solomon decide between the two harlots? iii. 16, to the end.

What things distinguished Solomon and his reign? iv. 2 Chro. 1—13, to the end.

What great undertaking did Solomon execute, which had been intended by his father? v. vi.

What was the purport of Solomon's prayer at the dedication of the temple, viii. 2 Chro. vi.

By what circumstance did it appear that God approved of Solomon's building the temple? 2 Chron. v. 11, to the end.

Who came to visit Solomon on account of his great wisdom? x. 2 Chron. ix. 1—13. Into

Into what sins did Solomon fall in his old age? xi.

What occasioned the revolt of the ten tribes from Rehoboam the son of Solomon? xii. 2 Chron. x.

What was the event of the war between Abijah and Jeroboam? 2 Chron. xiii.

Relate the history of the old prophet, who prophesied against the altar at Bethel. xiii.

What calamity befel the kingdom of Judah in the reign of Rehoboam? xiv. 25, to the end. 2 Chron. xii.

What was the character of Asa's reign? xv. 8—25.

By what favourable events was the reign of Asa distinguished? 2 Chron. xiv. xv.

What connection had Jehosaphat with Ahab, and what were the consequences of it? 2 Chron. xviii.

What success had Jehosaphat in his wars with the Moabites and Ammonites? 2 Chron. xx.

What was the character of the reign of Ahab? xvi. 27—34.

How was Elijah maintained, when he fled from Ahab? xvii. 1—8.

What

What did Elijah do for the poor widow, who entertained him in time of the famine? xviii. 8. to the end.

What was the consequence of Ahab's attempt to take Elijah? xviii. 17. to the end.

Relate the history of the siege of Samaria by Benhadad king of Syria. xx.

What injustice was Ahab guilty of, with respect to Naboth? xxi.

What were the circumstances of the death of Ahab? xxii. 1—37.

What was the character of Jehoshaphat's reign? xxii. 41—50. 2 Chro. xvii.

2 KINGS.

HOW was Elijah defended against those persons whom Ahaziah sent to apprehend him? i.

How was Elijah distinguished at the close of his life? ii. 1—12.

In what manner were the young persons that mocked Elisha punished? ii. 23, to the end.

What blessing did God bestow upon the widow who applied to Elisha? iv. 1—8.

How did God bless the Shunamite who received Elisha? iv. 8—38.

Recite

Recite the history of Naaman the Syrian and Gehazi. v.

Relate the particulars of the siege of Samaria in the time of Elisha? vi. 8. to the end. vii.

What was the history of Hazael king of Syria? viii. 7—16.

What was the fate of Jezebel? ix. 30. to the end.

How did Jehu destroy the priests of Baal? x. 18—29.

How was Jehoash saved from his grandmother Athaliah? xi. 2 Chro. xxii. xxiii.

What did Elisha prophesy to Jehoash, at the time of his death? xiii. 14—20.

What miracle was performed by the bones of Elisha? xiii. 20—22.

What was the offence of king Uzziah? 2 Chro. xxvi. 16—22.

What was the character and history of the reign of Ahaz? xvi. 2 Chro. xxviii.

What was the conclusion of the kingdom of Israel? xvii.

What was the character, and what were the events of the reign of Hezekiah? xviii. —xx. 2 Chro. xxix.

What was the event of Senacherib's invasion of Judah? 2 Chro. xxxii. Isa. xxxvi. xxxvii.

What

What was there remarkable in the sickness and recovery of Hezekiah? *Isa. xxxviii.*

How did Hezekiah behave to the ambassadors of the king of Babylon, and what followed upon it? *Isa. xxxix.*

What was the character and fate of Manasseh? *xxi. 1—23. 2 Chro. xxxiii. 1—20.*

What was the character of Josiah? *xxii. 1—8. 2 Chro. xxxiv.*

What happened with respect to the book of the law in his reign? *xxii. 8—15. xxxiii. 1—4. 2 Chro. xxxiv. 14. to the end.*

In what manner did Josiah come to his death? *xxiii. 26—31. 2 Chro. xxxv.*

What calamity befel the kingdom of Judah in the reign of Jehoiakim? *xxiv. 1—6. 2 Chro. xxxvi. 6—11.*

How did king Jehoiakim behave with respect to the written prophecies of Jeremiah? *Jer. xxxvi.*

What did Jeremiah prophesy concerning the issue of the siege of Jerusalem in the reign of Zedekiah? *Jer. xxxvii.*

What did Jeremiah prophesy concerning the return of the Jews from Babylonish captivity, and also concerning the kingdom of Christ? *Jer. xxiii. 1—8.*

What

What was the fate of Zedekiah, and the end of the kingdom of Judah? xxiv. 17. to the end. xxv. 2 Chro. xxxvi. 11. to the end. Jer. xxxix. lii.

How long did Jeremiah prophesy that the Babylonish captivity would continue? Jer. xxv. 8—15. xxix. 10.

What evil befel Jeremiah for his persevering to prophesy concerning the Babylonish captivity? Jer. xxxviii.

What became of Jeremiah after the taking of Jerusalem? Jer. xl. 1—7.

What was the fate of Gedaliah, who was appointed governor of those Jews who were not carried captive? Jer. xl. 7. to the end. xli. 1—11.

What part did Johanan act after the death of Gedaliah, and what advice did Jeremiah give him? Jer. xlii.

How did Johanan act, and what became of Jeremiah? Jer. xliii. 1—7.

DANIEL.

HOW did Daniel come into favour at the court of Babylon? i.

Recite the history of Nebuchadnezzar's first dream. ii.

B

What

What was the consequence of Nebuchadnezzar's setting up a golden image to be worshipped? iii.

What was the occasion, and the circumstances of Nebuchadnezzar's being driven from the society of men, and from his kingdom? iv.

Relate the history of Belshazzar. v.

How came Daniel to be cast into the den of lions? vi.

E Z R A.

WHAT King of Persia permitted the Jews to return from captivity and rebuild their temple? i.

What obstructions did the Jews meet with in that building? iv. v.

What favour did Darius shew the Jews? vi.

What did Artaxerxes do in favour of the Jews? vii.

What difficulty did Ezra and Nehemiah meet with, in reforming the Jewish state? ix. x. Neh. xiii.

N E H E M I A H.

What favour did Artaxerxes shew the Jews by Nehemiah? ii.

What difficulties did Nehemiah meet with in building the wall of Jerusalem? iv. vi.

What

C A T E C H I S M. 27

What great solemnity did the Jews keep on their settlement in their own country? viii. ix.

E S T H E R.

WHAT occasioned the rise of Esther and Mordecai in the court of Ahasuerus? i. ii.

Into what danger did Haman bring the Jews? iii. iv. v.

What was the fate of Haman? vii. 9, 10.

What honour was done to Mordecai? viii. 1, 2, 15,

How did the Jews escape their danger? viii. 7---15.

How did they commemorate their deliverance? ix. 20. to the end.

T H E P R O P H E T S.

WHAT was prophesied by Isaiah concerning Babylon, when it was the capital of a rising and splendid kingdom? Is. xiii.

What was prophesied concerning Cyrus? Isa. xlv. 1—8.

Repeat some of the prophecies of Isaiah concerning the humiliation of Christ, and the success of his gospel. lii. 13. to the end. liii. lxi. 1—3.

Repeat one of the exhortations of the prophet Isaiah against hypocrisy, and his

promises to those who were sincere. *Is. i. 10—20. lviii.*

What did Jeremiah prophesy concerning Egypt? *Jer. xliii. 8. to the end. xlvi. 11. to the end.*

What did Jeremiah prophesy against Babylon? *Jer. l. li.*

What did Ezekiel prophesy concerning Egypt, and the King of Babylon? *Ez. xvii. 11—22. xxix—xxxii.*

How did God explain his threatnings and his promises by the prophet Ezekiel? *Ez. xxxiii. 11—20.*

What did Ezekiel prophesy concerning Tyre? *Ez. xxvi—xxviii.*

What did Amos prophesy concerning the kingdom of Israel? *Am. vi. 7. to the end.*

What was the consequence of Jonah's fleeing from the command of God? *Jon. i. ii.*

What was the event of his preaching to the Ninevites? *Jon. iii.*

What sin was Jonah guilty of after the repentance of the Ninevites? *Jon. iv.*

What did Nahum prophesy concerning Nineveh? *Nah. ii. iii.*

What was Daniel's vision of the four beasts? *Dan. vii.*

Give

Give an account of Daniel's prophecy of seventy weeks. Dan. ix. 22. to the end.

What did Haggai prophesy concerning the glory of the second temple? Hag. ii. 1—10.

Who was to make his appearance before the coming of Christ, according to the prophet Malachi? Mal. iv.

M O R A L and D E V O T I O N A L W R I T I N G S.

RELATE the history of the afflictions of Job. Job i. ii.

What was his prosperity afterwards? Job xlii.

Repeat the following Psalms. i. xv. xix. xxiii. xxxiii. xxxix. l. xc. xcvi. c. ciii. cxlv.

What cautions does Solomon give concerning bad company? Prov. i.

What description does Solomon give of the artifices of an harlot? Prov. vii.

Repeat the following chapters and passages in the book of Proverbs. iv. viii. xxx. 7---9.

What does Solomon say of a virtuous woman? Prov. xxxi. 10. to the end.

Repeat some of the advice which Solomon gives to young persons, in the book of Ecclesiastes. xi. 9, 10. xii. 1. 13, 14.

The FOUR GOSPELS.

GIVE an account of the birth of John the Baptist. Luke i. 1—57.

What circumstances attended the naming of John the Baptist? Luke i. 58—80.

Recite the history of the birth of Jesus. Matt. i. 18—25. Luke ii. 1—20.

What circumstances attended the circumcision of Jesus? Luke ii. 21—40.

What did Jesus do at Jerusalem, when he went thither at twelve years of age? Luke ii. 41—52.

What was the subject of the preaching of John the Baptist? Matt. iii. 1—12. Mark i. 1—8. Luke iii. 3, 18.

What circumstances attended the baptism of Jesus? Matt. iii. 13—17. Mark i. 9—11. Luke iii. 21, 22.

Recite the history of Christ's temptations. Matt. iv. 1—11. Luke iv. 1—13.

What was the testimony of John concerning Jesus? John i. 19—34.

How came the apostle Peter and his brothers acquainted with Jesus? John i. 35—44.

How was Nathaniel introduced to Jesus? John i. 45—51.

What happened at a marriage feast in Cana

Cana of Galilee? John ii. 1---12.

Which of the rulers of the Jews came to Jesus by night? John iii. 1.

What conversation had Jesus with the woman of Samaria, and what was the issue of it? John iv. 1—42.

In what manner did Jesus cure the son of a nobleman at Capernaum? John iv. 43—54.

What miracle attended the call of Peter? Luke v. 3—11.

What cure did Jesus perform in the synagogue at Capernaum? Mark i. 21—28. Luke iv. 14—37.

What other cure did Jesus perform in Capernaum? Mark i. 29—38. Luke iv. 38—44. Matt. viii. 14—17.

Repeat the blessings which our Saviour pronounced at the beginning of his sermon upon the mount. Matt. v. 1—13.

To what did our Saviour compare his disciples? ver. 13—16.

In what respects did Christ condemn murder and hatred more than the Scribes and Pharisees? ver. 21—26.

What did our Saviour enjoin with respect to oaths? ver. 33—37.

What precepts did Christ give respecting the most perfect humanity and mercy? ver. 38—48.

What

What advice did Christ give respecting alms and prayer? Matt. vi. 1—8.

Repeat the Lord's prayer, ver. 8—13.

What advice did Christ give respecting earthly treasures and covetousness? ver. 19—34.

What caution did he give with respect to rash judgment? Matt. vii. 1—5.

In what manner did Christ encourage persons to pray? ver. 7—11.

What general rule did Christ lay down, comprehending all social virtues? ver. 12.

In what manner did our Lord express the great importance of a practical regard to his precepts? ver. 15—29.

What cure did Jesus perform as he came down from the mountain? Matt. viii. 1—4. Mark i. 39—44. Luke v. 12—16.

What miracle did Jesus perform in favour of a Centurion at Capernaum? Matt. viii. 5—13. Luke vii. 1—10.

Whom did Jesus raise from the dead at Nain? Luke vii. 11—17.

What circumstances attended the cure of the demoniacs at Gadara? Matt. viii. 18—34. Mark iv. 35. to the end. v. 1—21. Luke viii. 22—40.

How

How did Jesus cure a person sick of the palsy at Capernaum? Matt. ix. 1—8. Mark ii. 1—12. Luke v. 17—26.

In what manner did Christ call the apostle Matthew, and what conversation had he with the Pharisees at his house? Matt. ix. 9—17. Mark ii. 14—22. Luke v. 27—39.

What method did a woman, who had a bloody issue, take, in order to be cured by Jesus, as he was going to the house of Jairus; and what great miracle did he perform in favour of Jairus? Mark v. 22—43. Matt. ix. 18—26. Luke viii. 41—56.

What discourse had Jesus with the Pharisees on occasion of his disciples plucking some ears of corn, and his healing the man who had a withered hand? Matt. xii. 1—13. Mark ii. 23. to the end. iii. 1—6. Luke vi. 1—11.

Relate the parable of Christ concerning the sower, and his explanation of it. Matt. xiii. 1—51. Mark iv. 1—29. Luke viii. 4—18.

In what manner was Jesus received at Nazareth? Matt. xiii. 53—58. Mark vi. 1—6. Luke iv. 16—30.

What instructions did Christ give to the twelve apostles when he sent them forth to preach? Matt. x. Mark vi. 7—11. Luke ix. 1—12.

What happened when Jesus dined with Simon the Pharisee? Luke vii. 36—50.

In what manner was John the Baptist put to death? Matt. xiv. 1—13. Mark vi. 14---29.

What miracle did Jesus perform when the multitude flocked to him in the wilderness? Matt. xiv. 14---21. Mark vii. 33---44. Luke ix. 10---17. John vi. 5---14.

What miracle did Jesus perform on the sea of Galilee? Matt. xiv. 22---36. Mark vi. 45---56. John vi. 15---21.

What was the cure of the impotent man at the pool of Bethesda, and the consequence of it? John v.

What did Jesus do in favour of a woman of Canaan? Matt. xv. 21---29. Mark vii. 24---31.

What number did Jesus feed at his second miracle of that kind? Matt. xv. 32---39. Mark viii. 1---10.

Give an account of the transfiguration of Jesus. Matt. xvii. 1—13. Mark ix. 2—13. Luke ix. 28—36.

What miracle did Jesus perform on his descending from the mountain on which he was transfigured? Matt. xvii. 14—21. Mark ix. 14—29. Luke ix. 37—42.

In what manner did Jesus pay tribute for

For himself and Peter? Matt. xvii. 24--27.

What were the circumstances of Jesus's curing ten lepers? Luke xvii. 11--19.

Recite the history of the woman taken in adultery. John viii. 1--11.

In what manner did Jesus cure the man who had been blind from his birth, and what were the consequences of it? John ix.

Relate the parable of the good Samaritan. Luke x. 30---37.

What reproof did Jesus give to Martha? Luke x. 38---42.

Recite the parable of the prodigal son. Luke xv. 11---32.

Recite the parable of the rich man and Lazarus. Luke xvi. 19---31.

Relate the parable concerning the Pharisee and the Publican. Luke xviii. 9---14.

What did Jesus say when they brought little children to him? Matt. xix. 13---15. Mark x. 13---16. Luke xviii. 15---17.

What reply did Jesus make to the person who asked him what he should do to inherit eternal life, and what observations did he make concerning riches upon that occasion? Matt. xix. 16---30. Mark x. 17---31. Luke xviii. 18---30.

Relate the parable of the householder who hired labourers. Matt. xx. 1---16.

Recite the history of the resurrection of Lazarus. John xi.

On what occasion did Jesus reprove the apostles James and John? Matt. xx. 20---29. Mark x. 34---45.

Relate what the evangelists say concerning Zaccheus. Luke xix. 1---10.

Relate the parable of the ten pounds, and ten servants. Luke xix. 12---28.

What offended Judas Iscariot when Jesus supped at Bethany? Matt. xxvi. 6---13. Mark xiv. 1---9. John xii. 1---10.

In what manner did Jesus enter into Jerusalem? Matt. xxi. 1---11. Mark xi. 1---10. Luke xix. 29---40. John xii. 12---19.

What did Jesus do when he found the temple occupied with buyers and sellers? Matt. xxi. 12---16. Mark xi. 11---18. Luke xix. 45, 46. John ii. 14---17.

What did Jesus do with respect to a barren fig-tree? Matt. xxi. 17---22. Mark xi. 12---15.

Relate the parable of the householder and the vineyard. Matt. xxi. 34---46. Mark xii. 1---12. Luke xx. 9---19.

What reply did Jesus make to those who asked him whether it was lawful to pay tribute to Cæsar? Matt. xxii. 15---22. Mark xii. 13---17. Luke xx. 20---26.

What

What question did the Sadducees put to Jesus, and what reply did he make to them? Matt. xxii. 23--33. Mark xii. 18---27. Luke xx. 27---40.

What did Jesus say to the lawyer who asked him which was the greatest commandment? Matt. xxii. 35---40. Mark xii. 28---34.

On what account did Jesus reproach the Pharisees? Matt. xxiii. Mark xii. 38---40. Luke xx. 45---47.

What observation did Jesus make concerning the poor woman who cast her mite into the treasury? Mark xii. 41---44. Luke xxi. 1---4.

What did Jesus prophesy concerning Jerusalem and the temple? Matt. xxiv. Mark xiii. Luke xxi. 5---24.

Relate the parable of the ten virgins. Matt. xxv. 1---13.

Relate the parable of the talents. Matt. xxv. 14---30.

What account did Christ give of the day of judgment? Matt. xxv. 31---46.

Relate the circumstances of Jesus washing his disciples feet. John xiii. 1---17.

Give an account of the institution of the Lord's supper. Matt. xxvi. 26---30. Mark xiv. 22---25. Luke xxii. 19, 20. 1 Cor. xi. 23---25.

Relate the circumstances of Christ's
agony

agony in the garden. Matt. xxvi. 36---46.

Mark xiv. 32---42. Luke xxii. 40---46.

In what manner was Jesus apprehended? Matt. xxvi. 47---56. Mark xiv. 43---50. Luke xxii. 47---53. John xviii. 2---11.

What passed when Jesus was examined before the high priests? Matt. xxvi. 57---75. Mark xiv. 53---72. Luke xxii. 54---71. John xviii. 19---27.

What became of Judas? Matt. xxvii. 1---10.

What were the particulars of the examination of Jesus before Pilate? Matt. xxvii. 2---25. Mark xv. 1---15. Luke xxiii. 1---25. John xviii. 28---40.

Relate the particulars of the crucifixion of Jesus. Matt. xxvii. 26---56. Mark xv. 16---41. Luke xxiii. 26---49. John xix. 1---37.

In what manner was Jesus buried? Matt. xxvii. 57---66. Mark xv. 43---47. Luke xxiii. 50---56. John xix. 38---42.

Relate the particulars of the resurrection of Jesus, and his appearing to Mary Magdalene. Matt. xxviii. 1---15. Mark xvi. 1---11. Luke xxiv. 1---12. John xx. 11---17.

In what manner did Jesus appear to two of his disciples, who were walking to Emmaus? Luke xxiv. 13---35.

In

In what manner did Jesus appear to all the apostles, and especially to Thomas? Luke xxiv. 36---49. John xx. 19---31.

Relate the circumstances of Jesus appearing in Galilee. John xxi. 1---25.

Relate the particulars of Jesus's ascension. Mark xvi. 19. Luke xxiv. 51---53. Acts i. 3---12.

A C T S.

IN what manner was Matthias chosen to succeed Judas Iscariot? i. 15---26.

Relate the circumstances which attended the descent of the Holy Ghost, on the day of Pentecost. ii.

What miracle was performed by Peter and John in the temple? iii.

What were the consequences of imprisoning Peter and John? iv.

What was the occasion of the death of Ananias and Sapphira? v. 1---11.

In what manner was Peter delivered out of prison, and what followed upon it? v. 12. to the end.

Give an account of the martyrdom of Stephen. vi. 8. to the end. vii.

What circumstances attended the planting of Christianity in Samaria? viii. 1--25.

In what manner was the Ethiopian eunuch

eunuch converted to Christianity? viii. 26. to the end.

In what manner was Paul converted? ix. 1---23.

In what manner did Paul escape from the Jews, who lay in wait to kill him? ix. 23---31.

What miracle did Peter perform with respect to Tabitha? ix. 32. to the end.

In what manner was Christianity first preached to the Gentiles? x.

How was this event received by the Jewish converts? xi. 1—18.

What was the prophesy of Agabus? xi. 27. to the end.

What were the actions and death of Herod? xii.

What success had Paul and Barnabas in their preaching in Cyprus, and Antioch in Pisidia? xiii.

In what manner were they received at Lystra? xiv.

What did the apostles enjoin with respect to the Gentile converts? xv. 1—32.

What happened to Paul and Silas at Phillippi? xvi.

What was the character of the Jews at Berea? xvii. 10—15.

In what manner was Paul received at Athens? xvii. 16. to the end.

How

How did Paul maintain himself at Corinth, and what was the issue of his accusation before Gallio? xviii.

What happened to some Jews who attempted to cast out dæmons in the name of Jesus? xix. 13—20.

What uproar was occasioned by Paul's preaching at Ephesus? xix. 23. to the end.

What accident befel Eutychus, and what was the issue of it? xx. 6—11.

In what manner did Paul take his leave of the elders of Ephesus? xx. 17. to the end.

What intimation did Paul receive concerning the risk that he would run in going to Jerusalem, and what effect had it upon him? xxi. 1—18.

In what manner was Paul delivered from the fury of the Jews, on his arrival at Jerusalem? xxi. 18. to the end.

What defence did Paul make for his conduct, and by what means did he escape being scourged? xxii.

By what stratagem did Paul make a division among his enemies? xxiii. 1—10.

How did Paul escape the conspiracy that was made against him by the Jews? xxiii. 10. to the end.

How did Paul defend himself when he was accused before Felix? xxiv.

In

In what manner did Paul extricate himself from the power of his enemies in Judea? xxv.

Give an account of the pleading of Paul before Agrippa? xxvi.

Relate the particulars of Paul's shipwreck on his voyage to Rome? xxvii.

What happened to Paul after his landing on the island Melite? xxviii. i---ii.

In what manner was Paul received in Rome? xxviii. ii. to the end.

The Apostolical Epistles.

WHAT account does Paul give of the state of the Gentile world before the promulgation of Christianity? Rom. i. 18. to the end.

What advice does Paul give with respect to things of an indifferent nature, as to moral virtue? Rom. xiv.

What admonition does he give with respect to divisions and factions among Christians? 1 Corin. iii.

How did Paul advise the Corinthians to treat a person who had been guilty of incest? 1 Cor. v.

What account does the apostle Paul give of the resurrection? 1 Cor. xv. 1 Thes. iv. 13. to the end. v. 1---6.

Give

Give an account of what Paul suffered in preaching the gospel from his own brief account of it. 2 Cor. xi. 23. to the end.

Into what dangerous opinions and practices had the churches in Galatia been seduced? Gal. i.

What did Paul prophesy concerning the man of sin? 2 Theff. ii. 1---13. 1 Tim. iv. 1, &c.

On what account does Paul commend Timothy? 2 Tim. iii. 14. to the end.

What was the occasion of Paul's writing to Philemon? The whole epistle.

What remarkable actions does the author of the epistle to the Hebrews ascribe to the principle of faith in God? Heb. xi.

What account does the apostle James give of pure and undefiled religion? James i. 26, 27.

What admonition does he give concerning a respect to riches? James ii. 1---9.

What are the genuine effects of faith? James ii. 14. to the end.

In what manner is this world to be destroyed? 2 Peter iii.

In what manner are we to make it appear that we love God? 1 John iv. 20, 21.

A CATALOGUE OF BOOKS,

WRITTEN BY

JOSEPH PRIESTLEY, LL.D. F. R. S.

AND PRINTED FOR

J. JOHNSON, BOOKSELLER, at No. 72,
ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-YARD, LONDON.

1. **THE HISTORY** and **PRESENT STATE** of **ELECTRICITY**, with original Experiments, illustrated with Copper-plates, 4th Edition, corrected and enlarged, 4to. 1l. 1s. Another Edition, 2 vols. 8vo. 12s.

2. A **FAMILIAR INTRODUCTION** to the **STUDY** of **ELECTRICITY**, 4th Edition, 8vo. 2s. 6d.

3. The **HISTORY** and **PRESENT STATE** of **DISCOVERIES** relating to **VISION**, **LIGHT**, and **COLOURS**, 2 vols. 4to. illustrated with a great Number of Copper-plates, 1l. 11s. 6d. in boards.

4. A **FAMILIAR INTRODUCTION** to the **Theory** and **Practice** of **PERSPECTIVE**, with Copper-plates, 2d Edit 5s. in boards.

5. **Experiments** and **Observations** on **Different Kinds** of **AIR**, with Copper-plates, 3 vols. 8vo. 18s. in boards.

6. **Experiments** and **Observations** relating to various **Branche** of **Natural PHILOSOPHY**, with a **Continuation** of the **Experiments** on **AIR**, 2 vols. 8vo. 12s. in boards

7. **PHILOSOPHICAL EMPIRICISM**: Containing **Remarks** on a **Charge** of **Plagiarism** respecting **Dr. H—s**, interspersed with **Observations** relating to **different Kinds** of **AIR**, 1s. 6d.

8. **Directions** for **impregnating** **Water** with **FIXED AIR**, in order to communicate to it the **peculiar Spirit** and **Virtues** of **PYRMONT WATER**, and other **Mineral Waters** of a similar **Nature**, 1s.

5 MR 64
N. B. The two preceding pamphlets are included in No. 5.

9. A **New CHART** of **HISTORY**, containing a **View** of the **principal Revolutions** of **Empire** that have taken Place in the **World**,

BOOKS *written by* Dr. PRIESTLEY.

World; with a Book describing it, containing an Epitome of Universal History, 4th Edition, 10s. 6d.

10. A CHART of BIOGRAPHY, with a Book containing an Explanation of it, and a Catalogue of all the Names inserted in it, 6th Edition, very much improved, 10s. 6d.

11. The RUDIMENTS of ENGLISH GRAMMAR, adapted to the Use of Schools, 1s. 6d.

12. The above GRAMMAR, with NOTES, for the Use of those who have made some Proficiency in the Language, 4th Edition, 3s. bound.

13. OBSERVATIONS relating to EDUCATION: more especially as it respects the mind. To which is added, An Essay on a Course of liberal Education for Civil and Active Life, with Plans of Lectures on, 1. The Study of History and General Policy. 2. The History of England. 3. The Constitution and Laws of England, 4s. sewed.

14. A COURSE of LECTURES on ORATORY and CRITICISM, 4to, 10s. 6d. in boards.

15. An ESSAY on the First Principles of GOVERNMENT, and on the Nature of Political, Civil, and Religious LIBERTY, 2d Edition, much enlarged, 4s. sewed. *In this Edition are introduced the Remarks on Church Authority, in Answer to Dr. Balguy, formerly published separately.*

16. AN EXAMINATION of Dr. REID's Inquiry into the Human Mind, on the Principles of Common Sense, Dr. BEATTIE's Essay on the Nature and Immutability of Truth, and Dr. OSWALD's Appeal to Common Sense, in Behalf of Religion, 2d Edition, 5s. sewed.

17. HARTLEY's THEORY of the HUMAN MIND, on the Principle of the Association of Ideas, with Essays relating to the Subject of it. 8vo. 5s. sewed.

18. DISQUISITIONS relating to MATTER and SPIRIT. To which is added, The History of the Philosophical Doctrine concerning the Origin of the Soul, and the Nature of Matter; with its Influence on Christianity, especially with Respect to the Doctrine of the Pre-existence of Christ. Also the DOCTRINE of PHILOSOPHICAL NECESSITY Illustrated, 2 vols. 8vo. sewed, 8s. 6d.

BOOKS written by Dr. PRIESTLEY.

19. A FREE DISCUSSION of the DOCTRINES of MATERIALISM and PHILOSOPHICAL NECESSITY, in a Correspondence between Dr. PRICE and Dr. PRIESTLEY. To which are added by Dr. PRIESTLEY, an INTRODUCTION, explaining the Nature of the Controversy, and Letters to several Writers who have animadverted on his Disquisitions relating to Matter and Spirit, or his Treatise on Necessity, 8vo. 6s. sewed.

20. A Defence of the Doctrine of PHILOSOPHICAL NECESSITY, in two Letters to the Rev. Mr. John Palmer, 2s.

21. A Letter to Jacob Bryant, Esq; in Defence of Philosophical Necessity. Price 1s.

22. The Doctrine of DIVINE INFLUENCE on the HUMAN MIND considered, in a Sermon published at the Request of many Persons who have occasionally heard it, 1s.

The three preceding Articles may be properly bound up with the Illustrations of the Doctrine of Philosophical Necessity.

23. LETTERS to a Philosophical Unbeliever. Part I. Containing an Examination of the principal Objections to the Doctrines of *Natural Religion*, and especially those contained in the Writings of Mr. HUME. 3s.

24. INSTITUTES of NATURAL and REVEALED RELIGION. In three Parts. Part I. containing the Elements of Natural Religion; to which is prefixed, an Essay on the best Method of communicating religious Knowledge to the Members of Christian Societies. Part II. containing the Evidences of the Jewish and Christian Revelations. Part III. containing the Doctrines of Revelation.

25. A HARMONY of the EVANGELISTS, in Greek: To which are prefixed, CRITICAL DISSERTATIONS, in English, 4to. 14s. in boards.

26. A HARMONY of the EVANGELISTS, in *English*: with Notes, and an occasional Paraphrase for the Use of the Unlearned; to which are prefixed Critical Dissertations, and a Letter to the Bishop of Ossory, 4to, 12s. in Boards. N. B. *Those who are possessed of the Greek Harmony may have this in English without the Critical Dissertations,*

BOOKS *written by* Dr. PRIESTLEY.

27. A FREE ADDRESS to PROTESTANT DISSENTERS, on the Subject of the Lord's Supper, 3d Edition, with Additions, 2s. — N. B. The Additions to be had alone, 1s.

28. AN ADDRESS to PROTESTANT DISSENTERS, on the Subject of giving the Lord's Supper to Children, 1s.

29. A FREE ADDRESS to PROTESTANT DISSENTERS, on the Subject of CHURCH DISCIPLINE; with a preliminary Discourse concerning the Spirit of Christianity, and the Corruption of it by false Notions of Religion, 2s. 6d.

30. A SERMON preached before the Congregation of PROTESTANT DISSENTERS, at Mill-Hill Chapel, Leeds, May 16, 1773, on Occasion of the Author's resigning his Pastoral Office among them, 1s.

31. A SERMON preached December 31st, 1780, at the New Meeting in Birmingham, on undertaking the Pastoral Office in that place, 1s.

32. A VIEW of the PRINCIPLES and CONDUCT of the PROTESTANT DISSENTERS, with Respect to the Civil and Ecclesiastical Constitution of England, 2d Edition, 1s. 6d.

33. LETTERS to the Author of *Remarks on several late Publications relative to the Dissenters*, in a Letter to Dr. Priestley, 1s.

34. A LETTER to a LAYMAN, on the Subject of Mr Lindsey's proposal for a reformed English Church, on the Plan of the late Dr. Samuel Clarke, 6d.

35. Two LETTERS to Dr. Newcome, Bishop of Waterford, on the Duration of our Saviour's Ministry, 2s. 6d.

N. B. *The preceding nine Pamphlets, No. 27, to 36, may be had sewed in boards, by giving orders for Dr. Priestley's larger Tracts, 2 vols. 8vo. 10s. or with No. 20, 21, and 22, 14s.*

36. A CATECHISM for Children and Young Persons, 4th Edition, 4d.

37. A SCRIPTURE CATECHISM, consisting of a series of Questions; with References to the Scriptures, instead of Answers, 2d Edition, 4d.

38. CONSIDERATIONS for the Use of YOUNG MEN, and the Parents of YOUNG MEN, 2d Edition, 2d.

39. A SERIOUS ADDRESS to MASTERS of Families, with Forms of Family Prayer, 2d Edition, 9d.

40. A FREE ADDRESS to PROTESTANT DISSENTERS as such. By a Dissenter. A new Edition, enlarged and corrected,

BOOKS written by Dr. PRIESTLEY.

rected, 1s. 6d. An Allowance is made to those who buy this Pamphlet to give away.

41. **AN APPEAL** to the serious and candid Professors of Christianity, on the following subjects, viz. 1. The Use of Reason in Matters of Religion. 2. The Power of Man to do the Will of God. 3. Original Sin. 4. Election and Reprobation. 5. The Divinity of Christ: and, 6. Atonement for Sin by the Death of Christ, 5th Edition, 2d.

42. **A Familiar Illustration** of certain Passages of Scripture relating to the same Subjects, 4d, or 3s. 6d. per dozen.

43. **THE TRIUMPH OF TRUTH**; being an Account of the Trial of Mr. Elwall for Heresy and Blasphemy, at Stafford Assizes before Judge Denton, 2d Edition, 2d.

44. **A FREE ADDRESS** to those who have petitioned for the Repeal of the late Act of Parliament in Favour of the ROMAN CATHOLICS. Price 2d. or 12s. per hundred to give away.

N. B. The last nine Tracts may be had all bound together by giving orders for Dr. Priestley's smaller Tracts, 3s. 6d. or 36s. per Dozen to those who buy them to give away.

Also Published under the Direction of Dr. PRIESTLEY.

THE THEOLOGICAL REPOSITORY;

Consisting of Original Essays, Hints, Queries, &c. calculated to promote religious Knowledge, in Three Volumes, 8vo. Price 18s. in boards.

In the First Volume, which is now re-printed, several Articles are added, particularly Two Letters from Dr. THOMAS SHAW to Dr. BENSON, relating to the Passage of the Israelites through the Red Sea. Among other Articles, too many to be enumerated in an Advertisement, these three Volumes will be found to contain such original and truly valuable Observations on the Doctrine of Atonement, the Pre-existence of Christ, and the Inspiration of the Scriptures more especially respecting the Harmony of the Evangelists and the Reasoning of the Apostle Paul, as cannot fail to recommend them to those Persons who wish to make a truly free Inquiry into these important Subjects.

5 MR 64

THE END.

